## **ULMACEAE – ELM FAMILY**

**Plant:** woody vines, shrubs and trees

Stem:

Root:

<u>Leaves:</u> evergreen or deciduous; simple, alternate, often base is asymmetrical, pinnate or palmate veins (3 main veins); paired stipules often falling early

<u>Flowers:</u> perfect or monoecious; very small, solitary or in clusters; 2-9+ but mostly 4-8 sepals, no petals; stamens equal sepals, rarely greater; ovary superior, 2-3 carpels, 1-2 styles, 1 stigma

**Fruit:** drupe, nut or winged capsule (samara)

Other: widespread; Dicotyledons Group

**Genera:** 15+ genera; locally *Celtis* (hackberry, sugarberry), *Planera* (planertree), *Ulmus* (elm)

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Sugarberry [Southern Hackberry]; *Celtis laevigata* Willd. [Common, Northern] Hackberry; *Celtis occidentalis* L.

Dwarf Hackberry; Celtis tenuifolia Nutt.

Winged Elm; Ulmus alata Michx.

American [White] Elm; Ulmus americana L.

Siberian Elm; *Ulmus pumila* L. (Introduced)

Slippery Elm; *Ulmus rubra* Muhl.













